PHILOSOPHY, POLITICS, AND ECONOMICS

Philosophy, Politics and Economics (PPE) is a multidisciplinary course of study that educates students in the distinctive methods and modes of inquiry of its contributing disciplines while focusing on where these disciplines intersect. Undergraduate PPE majors develop analytical and interpretive skills unique to each discipline in order to gain a multifaceted understanding of complex social phenomena. By approaching these phenomena from different disciplinary perspectives, students are well equipped to respond to the challenges of the modern world by imagining innovative policy solutions. The University of Oxford established the first PPE program in the 1920s, inaugurating a long and increasingly widespread tradition of PPE in the English-speaking world. Currently, over 100 colleges and universities in the United States offer PPE as a major or minor.

Requirements for the Major

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PPE-200</td>
<td>Introduction to PPE</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PPE-400</td>
<td>Senior Seminar for PPE</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>One 300 level PPE credit</td>
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**Philosophy Requirements**

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<tr>
<th>Code</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PPE-329</td>
<td>Seminar in Philosophy</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>One credit from the following:</td>
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<tr>
<td>PPE-213</td>
<td>Philosophy of Law</td>
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<tr>
<td>PPE-217</td>
<td>Philosophy of Race</td>
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<tr>
<td>PPE-218</td>
<td>Philosophy of Commerce</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>PPE-228</td>
<td>Topics in Philosophy</td>
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**Political Science Requirements**

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<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PPE-238</td>
<td>Topics in Political Science</td>
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<tr>
<td>One credit from the following:</td>
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<tr>
<td>PPE-330</td>
<td>International Political Economy</td>
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<tr>
<td>PPE-333</td>
<td>Constitutional Law</td>
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<td>PPE-334</td>
<td>Political Economy of Development</td>
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<tr>
<td>PPE-336</td>
<td>American Political Thought</td>
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**Economics Requirements**

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<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PPE-358</td>
<td>Topics in Political Economy</td>
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<tr>
<td>One credit from the following:</td>
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<tr>
<td>PPE-251</td>
<td>Law &amp; Economics</td>
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<tr>
<td>PPE-252</td>
<td>Public Policy</td>
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<tr>
<td>PPE-254</td>
<td>Environmental Economics</td>
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<tr>
<td>PPE-255</td>
<td>Health Economics</td>
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<tr>
<td>PPE-258</td>
<td>Topics in Economics</td>
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<tr>
<td>PPE-264</td>
<td>Economic and Political Development</td>
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<tr>
<td>PPE-265</td>
<td>History of Economic Thought</td>
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Total Credits 9

**Collateral Requirement in Diversity**

The diversity requirement can be satisfied by a course that also fulfills a major requirement. Each year the PPE Steering Committee will supplement the list below with special topics courses that may satisfy the diversity requirement, depending on their specific focus.

<table>
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<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BLS-201</td>
<td>Introduction to Black Studies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECO-224</td>
<td>Economic and Political Development</td>
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<tr>
<td>EDU-240</td>
<td>Educational Policy &amp; Evaluation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDU-303</td>
<td>Diversity and Multicultural Education</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENG-160</td>
<td>Multicultural Literature in America</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENG-260</td>
<td>Multicultural Literatures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN-101</td>
<td>Introduction to Gender Studies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HIS-244</td>
<td>African American History</td>
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<tr>
<td>HIS-252</td>
<td>Peoples &amp; Nations of Latin America</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAS-274</td>
<td>African American Political Theories</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHI-217</td>
<td>Philosophy of Race</td>
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<tr>
<td>RHE-360</td>
<td>Gender &amp; Communication</td>
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<tr>
<td>THE-218</td>
<td>The Multicultural Stage</td>
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**PPE-200 Introduction to PPE**

This is a gateway course for PPE major. It will provide students with initial overview of the field, help them integrate the basic knowledge of Philosophy, Political Science, and Economics already acquired, develop intellectual habits of treating social phenomena from tightly interrelated viewpoints grounded in Philosophy, Political Science, and Economics, and set up the basic framework for further development of student’s knowledge in the field. For example, along with some reading of basic texts, for example A. Smith or T. Hobbes, the course may focus on a multidisciplinary treatment of important social issue (some examples may include poverty, (un)ethical practices in economic and political life, environmental degradation, etc.).

**Prerequisites:** Completion or concurrent enrollment in ECO 101, PHI 110, and one of the PSC intro courses, or consent of the instructor.

**Corequisites:** Completion or concurrent enrollment in ECO 101, PHI 110, and one of the PSC intro courses, or consent of the instructor.

**Credit:** 1

**PPE-213 Philosophy of Law**

An introduction to philosophical issues concerning the analysis of legal concepts and the moral justification of the law. Typical issues include the nature of law and its relation to morality, issues of moral justification arising in specific branches of the law (e.g., criminal, tort, or contract law), and the nature and justification of international law.

**Prerequisites:** none

**Credit:** 1

**Distribution:** History/Philosophy/Religion

**Equated Courses:** PHI-213
PPE-217 Philosophy of Race
This course covers the history of the development of the concept of race, the
metaphysical framework for thinking about the "reality" of race, the various ways to consider the meaning of race, and the relation between
the meaning of race and the experience of racism. Questions about how
difference and equality function in the law and the application of the
law, concepts of white privilege and community investment in racial
distinctions, intersectional analyses that think race together with gender,
class and sexuality and the concept of race in colonial and post-colonial
settings are likely topics.
Prerequisites: none
Credit: 1
Distribution: Behavioral Science
Equated Courses: PHI-217

PPE-218 Philosophy of Commerce
This course will consider broadly how concerns for the oikos, the
household, the root of our word economics, serve, support and potentially
undermine our efforts to live well. The concepts of property, markets, labor, corporations, collective and individual responsibility, economic vs. political freedom, wealth, debt, and value will be subjected to
philosophical scrutiny. Philosophical investigation of these ideas will be
joined to broad philosophical questions, including but not limited to: their
treatment in the history of philosophy, the role of these concerns in the
good life, the development of markets in the context of the emergence
of modern subjectivity, the relation of desire and its production to
the need for markets, and the account of what it means to be human that
these concepts assume or encourage. The goal of this course is for students to have a robust understanding of the historical and
contemporary arguments, assumptions and views these economic concepts presuppose about what it means to be human. Application of
these considerations to contemporary debates in public life will be
encouraged.
Prerequisites: none
Credit: 1
Distribution: Behavioral Science
Equated Courses: PHI-218

PPE-228 Topics in Philosophy
A course in some selected philosophical topic. Please refer to the
Registrar's page for course description.
Prerequisites: none
Credit: 1
Distribution: History/Philosophy/Religion

PPE-238 Topics in Political Science
The course provides opportunities for specialized, innovative material for
students at an intermediate level. Students interested in political science
topics beyond introductory level would benefit from this course the most.
Since the content of this course varies from semester to semester, it may
be repeated for credit upon the instructor's approval. Please refer to the
Registrar's page for course description.
Prerequisites: none
Credit: 1
Distribution: Behavioral Science

PPE-251 Law & Economics
An examination of the proposition that economic reasoning can explain
the evolution of the law. By focusing on property, tort, and contract
law, each student can decide for himself the power of economics as a
driving force in the law. By its very nature interdisciplinary, this course is
designed for non-majors as well as majors.
Prerequisites: Take ECO-101
Credit: 1
Equated Courses: ECO-231

PPE-252 Public Policy
The purpose of this course is to use tools from Principles of Economics
to study current public policy issues, and to analyze and evaluate
existing and proposed policies for dealing with a variety of contemporary
economic and social problems in the United States. Students will learn
quantitative and qualitative skills useful for assessing public policy
issues and their implementation and effectiveness. Topics may include
(but are not limited to) health economics (Medicaid, Medicare, health care
reform), environmental economics and policy (cap and trade policies),
welfare and social services, income distribution, education, and energy
economics.
Prerequisites: Take ECO-101.
Credit: 1
Distribution: Behavioral Science
Equated Courses: ECO-232

PPE-254 Environmental Economics
An introduction to environmental science, this course focuses on
the definition and description of environmental resources, as well
as management, and conservation. Includes topics on ecosystems,
energy and mineral resources, population dynamics and the impact on
environmental quality, water and air quality, water supply, solid waste.
Analysis of the economic, social, and political interactions towards
environmental management.
Prerequisites: Take ECO-101.
Credit: 1
Distribution: Behavioral Science
Equated Courses: ECO-234

PPE-255 Health Economics
This course is an introduction to the study of health care. While we
will draw heavily on important ideas in economics, the course is
interdisciplinary in nature. Basic questions to be considered include:
What roles have nutrition, public health, doctors, hospitals, and drugs
played in the dramatic improvement in health since 1800? What role does
personal behavior (e.g., eating, smoking, and exercise) play in health?
What explains the organization and evolution of the American health
care system? In a world of limited resources, how should we decide what
medical care ought to be foregone? What is the best way to deal with the
major health challenges facing developing countries? Why has spending
on health care increased so much over the past 100 years? Why does the
United States spend so much more than the rest of the world on health?
Why do governments intervene in health care? What kinds of reforms to
the health care system might work? Non-majors are encouraged to take
the course.
Prerequisites: Take ECO-101.
Credit: 1
Distribution: Behavioral Science
Equated Courses: ECO-235
PPE-258 Topics in Economics
The course provides opportunities for specialized, innovative material to be made available for students at the introductory level. Since the content of this course varies from semester to semester, it may be repeated for credit upon the instructor's approval. Please refer to the Registrar's page for course description.
Prerequisites: Take ECO-101.
Credit: 1
Distribution: Behavioral Science

PPE-264 Economic and Political Development
A brief survey of problems facing lesser-developed countries and of measures proposed and used for the advancement of political integration and the improvement of living standards and social welfare. Study will be made of the role of capital accumulation, private initiative, representative government, and other factors in economic growth and political modernization.
Prerequisites: Take ECO-101
Credit: 1
Distribution: Behavioral Science
Equated Courses: ECO-224

PPE-265 History of Economic Thought
This course examines the intellectual history of economics. The ideas of great economists (including Smith, Ricardo, Marx, Keynes, Schumpeter, and Knight) are analyzed and compared. Particular emphasis is placed on differing views toward capitalism—especially predictions about its eventual fate.
Prerequisites: none
Credit: 1
Distribution: Behavioral Science
Equated Courses: HIS-236ECO-205

PPE-329 Seminar in Philosophy
Seminar discussion at a more advanced level of a selected philosophical topic or area.
Prerequisites: none
Credit: 1
Distribution: History/Philosophy/Religion

PPE-330 International Political Economy
This is an advanced course that focuses on a specific topic in international relations. Topics vary from semester to semester.
Prerequisites: Take PSC-141
Credit: 1
Distribution: Behavioral Science
Equated Courses: PSC-340

PPE-332 Political Development
This deeply historical course examines the emergence of the sovereign state as the predominant organizational institution in global politics, as well as the myriad institutional forms it has taken over time and around the world. Special attention will be given to the role of warfare in the consolidation of modern states, the rise of nationalism, and to factors that promoted democratization in some parts of the world, but not others. The course will also consider several enduring questions of political development, such as whether democratization, globalization, and technological progress are inevitable— or even desirable— features of modern society.
Prerequisites: Prerequisite: PSC-121, PSC-131, HIS-101 or HIS-102.
Credit: 1
Distribution: Behavioral Science
Equated Courses: PSC-323

PPE-333 Constitutional Law
Do gay Americans have a constitutional right to get married? Should racial and ethnic minorities receive the benefits of affirmative action when applying to college or law school? Does a woman have a constitutional right to an abortion? Does the federal government have the power to regulate health care? What role should judges play in deciding such divisive and morally vexing issues? This course examines the Supreme Court’s most potent power—to strike down as unconstitutional the actions of elected officials on these and other “hot button” issues. How should the Court apply such broadly worded constitutional guarantees as “equal protection” and “due process of law” to modern problems? Should the Court follow the “original intent” of our Founders or be guided by more recent, evolving standards? When the Court has wrestled with tough issues, what impact has its decisions had on other branches of government and on American society in general? This counts as an advanced course in American Politics. This course is offered in the fall semester.
Prerequisites: none
Credit: 1
Distribution: Behavioral Science
Equated Courses: PCS-313

PPE-334 Political Economy of Development
Why have some countries been able to prosper and remain at peace while others have suffered massive levels of poverty, inequality, and instability? Why haven’t foreign assistance, democracy promotion, and peacekeeping efforts produced sustained growth and stability in many of these long-suffering countries, but they have done so in others? This class will examine these questions through the lens of politics. Students will learn what political scientists have discovered about the logic of how countries develop politically and economically, and how different outcomes (i.e., peace and prosperity vs. dysfunction and poverty) can result. Students will also come to understand how political leaders and the institutional environments in which they operate combine to produce these outcomes. We will also study the strengths and weaknesses of the various strategies policymakers employ, from poverty relief programs to international trade, to promote growth and stability.
Prerequisites: Take PSC-121.
Credit: 1
Distribution: Behavioral Science
Equated Courses: PSC-324

PPE-335 Political Development
This deeply historical course examines the emergence of the sovereign state as the predominant organizational institution in global politics, as well as the myriad institutional forms it has taken over time and around the world. Special attention will be given to the role of warfare in the consolidation of modern states, the rise of nationalism, and to factors that promoted democratization in some parts of the world, but not others. The course will also consider several enduring questions of political development: such as whether democratization, globalization, and technological progress are inevitable— or even desirable— features of modern society.
Prerequisites: Prerequisite: PSC-121, PSC-131, HIS-101 or HIS-102.
Credit: 1
Distribution: Behavioral Science
PPE-336 American Political Thought
A broad survey of American political ideas as expressed in primary sources including classic texts, key public documents, and speeches. The course investigates themes of mission, means, and membership as recurrent issues in American political thought. This course counts as an advanced course in Political Theory.
Prerequisites: Take PSC-131, HIS-241, or HIS-242.
Credit: 1
Distribution: Behavioral Science
Equated Courses: PSC-336

PPE-358 Topics in Political Economy
This course will focus on an important topic or few topics in political economy from a largely economic perspective. One example would be a study of the determinants of economic prosperity, focusing on the role of markets, political institutions, history, and culture. Another example would be the economics of inequality, which would develop careful empirical measures various dimensions of inequality, examine the causes and consequences (beneficial and harmful) of inequality, and consider the feasibility and desirability of measures to reduce inequality. A third potential topic would be the economics of climate change, which would describe current knowledge and uncertainty about climate change, and examine the debates over how to think about the uncertain future outcomes of current policy choices. The topics may be coordinated with 300 level PPE courses from other departments.
Prerequisites: Take ECO-101 and one 200 level ECO course, OR with the consent of the instructor.
Credit: 1

PPE-400 Senior Seminar for PPE
Open only to senior PPE majors. The course continues the project of integrating the three disciplines at a higher level and culminates in a capstone project. This is both a reading and a research seminar, organized around a chosen important social issue. To insure proper integration of the disciplines and promote synthetic thinking, the course is team-taught by professors from at least two different departments. Participants discuss variety of readings on the particular chosen topic. They also prepare research papers which treat an individually chosen topic, based on the multidisciplinary PPE approach. This course is offered in the fall semester.
Prerequisites: Take PPE-200 and at least one 300 level PPE course, or consent of the instructor.
Credit: 1

PPE Major Steering Committee
Jeffrey D. Gower, Philosophy  Lorraine Krall McCrary, Political Science  Nicholas A. Snow, Economics  Frank Howland, Economics, Administrative Liaison, e.o.